Q1. First name
Robin

Q2. Last name
Gunning

Q3. Phone
not answered

Q4. Mobile

Q5. Email

Q6. Postcode

Q7. Country
Australia

Q8. Stakeholder type
Environment group

Q9. Stakeholder type - Other
not answered

Q10. Stakeholder type - Staff
not answered

Q11. Organisation name
National Parks Association of NSW, Tamworth-Namoi Branch

Q12. What is your preferred method of contact?
Email

Q13. Would you like to receive further information and updates on IFOA and forestry matters?
Yes

Q14. Can the EPA make your submission public?
Yes

Q15. Have you previously engaged with the EPA on forestry issues?
Yes

Q16. What parts of the draft Coastal IFOA are most important to you? Why?
Parts about forest and habitat protection.

Q17. What parts of the draft Coastal IFOA do you think have a positive outcome on the management of environmental values or the production of sustainable timber? Why?
There no positive outcomes.
Q18. What parts of the draft Coastal IFOA do you think have a negative outcome on the management of environmental values or the production of sustainable timber? Why?

All of it.

Q19. What are your views on the effectiveness of the combination of permanent environmental protections at the regional, landscape and operational scales (multi-scale protection)?

Not good enough.

Q20. In your opinion, would the draft Coastal IFOA be effective in managing environmental values and a sustainable timber industry? Why?

No, its all about the logging industry.

Q21. General comments

1. That the NSW and Australian Governments make an evidence-based decision to end native forest logging on public land following the expiry of the RFAs. 2. That the NSW Government abandon plans to develop a new Integrated Forestry Operations Approval and reject the Commonwealth policy of an automatic extension of the RFAs. 3. That the NSW and Australian Governments abandon the use of native forest products in the production of energy from biomass burning. 4. That the Auditor General of NSW conducts an audit of the NSW Regional Forest Agreements in respect to: a. The proportion of the Comprehensive, Adequate and Representative reserve network of Forest Ecosystems (FEs) that has been secured and the ecological condition of the outstanding FEs; b. The extent to which the RFAs provided equivalent protection of threatened species to that afforded under the Commonwealth EPBC Act; c. The current conservation status of threatened forest species; d. The committed and actual volumes of timber supplied each year from public native forests during the life of the RFAs. 5. That the outstanding Forest Ecosystems necessary for a CAR reserve network of Forest Ecosystems in NSW are added to the reserve network immediately upon completion of the audit. 6. That the NSW Government take the necessary action, including committing adequate funds, to recover threatened species populations in public native forests. 7. That the NSW Government invest sufficient funds to ensure the natural values of public native forests can be restored and that key threats such as weed incursion, bell-miner associated dieback and the loss of tree hollows are reversed as quickly as possible. 8. That the NSW Government immediately commence widespread consultation with the community, academics and other stakeholders to develop a transition strategy from native forest logging that enhances economic and employment opportunities for regional communities, while protecting the key regional asset—nature. 9. That the NSW Government investigate national and international opportunities to generate revenue from the carbon sequestration potential of native forests to fund forest management.

Q22. Attach your supporting documents (Document 1) not answered

Q23. Attach your supporting documents (Document 2) not answered

Q24. Attach your supporting documents (Document 3) not answered